## Eligibility for English-Language Education

### **Bill 115**

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## You would like your child to receive an English education in Quebec?

Do you qualify?

## What is a Certificate of Eligibility (Déclaration d'admissibilité)?

 A Quebec government-issued document allowing a child to attend a subsidized English elementary or secondary school

### Who Needs a Certificate of Eligibility?

 All students who attend a government-subsidized English school in Quebec - public or private (independent)

### Who can Receive a Certificate of Eligibility?

- A child who has at least one Canadian parent who attended an English elementary school in Canada
- A child who is in Canada on a temporary stay (who has his or her own study permit) or is the dependent child of someone on a study or work permit
- A child with at least one Canadian parent, who qualifies under Bill 115

A child of parents who are Canadian permanent residents is not eligible

### **About Bill 115**

 Bill 115 permits the Quebec Ministry of Education to determine a student's eligibility using a point system, whereby an applicant accumulates or loses points based on several factors

**15 points** = *Certificate of Eligibility* 

### Bill 115 - The Point System

Obtaining a Certificate of Eligibility based on the Bill 115 point system depends upon:

- When a child starts attending English private (independent) school
- Whether his or her siblings attend an English private school
- What type of English private school the child attends

# It's important to understand the benefits and limitations of Bill 115

## Bill 115 Point System Points Accumulated/Deducted by Student

 A student who attends a non-government subsidized English school in Quebec will accumulate points for each year of attendance.

 A student who attends a French Elementary school will lose points for each year of attendance.

## Bill 115 Point System Points Accumulated/Deducted by Siblings

- A student will accumulate points if one or more of their siblings attends a non-government-subsidized English school in Quebec
- A student will lose points if one or more of their siblings attends a French school in Quebec

## Bill 115 Point System Point Accumulation by School Type

Depending upon a school's type, points towards an Eligibility Certificate accumulate at a different pace.

The Ministry of Education designates English private schools into Types A, B or C.

#### The type is based upon:

- The number of enrolled students who already have Eligibility Certificates or
- The percentage of English instruction provided and the number of students who continue their secondary studies at the same school.

### Bill 115 Point System Point Accumulation by School Type

Percentage el			e eligible Grades 1 to 3 students	
Type A English Language Institution	60+ % elig			
1 year elementary and secondary	+2			
2 years elementary	+6			
2 years elementary and secondary	+6			
2 years secondary	+8			
3 or 4 years elementary	+15			
	Percentage eligible Grades 1 to 3 students			
Type B English Language Institution	B1 (0-25% elig)	B2 (26-40% elig)	B3 (41-59% elig)	
2 to 3 years elementary or secondary, or both	+3	+4	+5	
4 to 6 years elementary or secondary, or both	+8	+10	+13	
7 to 11 years elementary and secondary	+13	+16	+21	
	Percentage eligible Grades 1 to 3 students			
Type C English Language Institution	C1 (0-25% elig)	C2 (26-40% elig)	C3 (41-59% elig)	
2 to 3 years elementary or secondary, or both	+2	+3	+4	
4 to 6 years elementary or secondary, or both	+5	+7	+9	
7 to 11 years elementary and secondary	+8	+11	+14	

## Let's take a practical look at what this means

## Case 1 Hereditary Right to Attend English School

- The parent is a Canadian citizen who attended elementary school in English in Canada
- The student is starting kindergarten or grade 1
  - ➤ The student will receive a Certificate of Eligibility based on his parent's education in Canada

## Case 2 Eligibility through Temporary Stay

- The parents are not Canadian citizens but would like their child to study in Quebec temporarily.
- The child has his own Canadian study permit or the parents have their own work or study permits.
  - ➤ The child will receive a temporary Certificate of Eligibility valid for the duration of the work or study permit
- What if the parents want to become Canadian permanent residents?
  - > The child will not be able to renew his temporary Certificate of Eligibility.

## Case 3 Eligibility through Bill 115

- The parents are Canadian citizens who did not attend elementary school in English in Canada.
- The child is starting Kindergarten or grade 1 and has no siblings.
  - ➤ The child will receive the 15 points for a Certificate of Eligibility:
    - After 4 years in a Type A school
    - After 7 to 11 years in a Type B school

# Case 4 Eligibility through Bill 115 – Effect of French School Attendance

- The parents are Canadian citizens who did not attend elementary school in English in Canada.
- The child is starting grade 3 at a Type A English private school after having spent grades 1 and 2 in a French school.
  - ➤ By the end of grade 6, the child will have accumulated 15 points for English school.
  - The child will lose 10 points for French school.
  - ➤ With 5 points, the child will not receive a Certificate of Eligibility.

### Case 5 Eligibility through Bill 115 – Effects of Siblings

- The parents are Canadian citizens who did not attend elementary School in English in Canada.
- The child is starting kindergarten or grade 1 at a Type A
   English school and has an older sister who has been
   attending a French school for 5 years.
  - ➤ By the end of grade 6, the child in English school will have accumulated 20 points.
  - ➤ However, the sister who has attended French school for over 5 years will cause the younger child to lose 20 points and the child will not receive a Certificate.

### The Best Advice

- Start English language education as early as possible –
   Kindergarten.
- Ensure that all siblings attend an independent English school.
- Contact the admissions office of the independent school in which you are interested for more details.

### How do I Apply for a Certificate of Eligibility?

- Contact the admissions office of the school of your choice in order to process the application.
- Applications made under Bill 115 can take several months to process.
- A family has 60 days to appeal the decision if the application for a certificate is denied.

### Remember

- The choice of your child's school depends upon many things, not just eligibility.
- Take into account:
  - Your child's specific needs, personality, and learning strengths and weaknesses
  - Your family's goals and values
- There is a perfect school for every child.



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### Quebec Ministry of Education:

http://www.education.gouv.qc.ca/parents-et-tuteurs/admissibilite-a-lenseignement-en-anglais/